

| Schadstoff                               | Formel  | Atemfilter | Schadstoff                                | Formel  | Atemfilter   |
|--|---|------------|---|---|--------------|
| Acetaldehyd                              | CH <sub>3</sub> CHO   | AX         | Hydrazin                                  | N <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>                                   | K-(P3)       |
| Aceton                                   | CH <sub>3</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub>                             | AX         | Insektizide                               | -   | A-(P2)       |
| Acetoncyanhydrin (2-Cyano-2-Propanol)    | CH <sub>3</sub> C(OH)(CN)CH <sub>3</sub>                      | A-(P3)     | Isocyanate (organisch)                    | R-NCO   | B-(P2), B    |
| Acetonitril                              | CH <sub>3</sub> CN  | A          | Isopropanol (2-Propanol) Isopropylalkohol | CH <sub>3</sub> CH(OH)CH <sub>3</sub>                           | A            |
| Acrolein (2-Propenal)                    | CH <sub>2</sub> CHCHO   | AX         | Jod                                       | J <sub>2</sub>  | B-(P2)       |
| Acrylsäure-ester                         | CH <sub>2</sub> CHCOOR  | A          | Jod (radioaktiv)                          | J <sub>2</sub>  | Reaktor-(P3) |
| Acrylnitril                              | CH <sub>2</sub> CHCN  | A-(P3)     | Jodmethan                                 | CH <sub>3</sub> J   | AX           |
| Ätznatron (Natriumhydroxid)              | NaOH  | P2         | Jodmethan (radioaktiv)                    | CH <sub>3</sub> J   | Reaktor-(P3) |
| Aldehyde                                 | R-CHO   | A bzw. AX  | Ketone                                    | R-CO-R  | A            |
| Alkohole                                 | R-OH  | A          | Ketene                                    | R-CH=CO   | -            |
| Allylchlorid (3-Chlor-1-Propen)          | CH <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> Cl                          | AX         | Kieselsäurehaltiger Staub                 | SiO <sub>2</sub>  | P2           |
| Ameisensäure                             | HCOOH   | E          | Kohlendioxid                              | CO <sub>2</sub>   | -            |
| Ameisensäure-ethylester (Ethylformiat)   | HCOOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                             | AX         | Kohlenmonoxid                             | CO  | CO           |
| Ammoniak                                 | NH <sub>3</sub>   | K          | Kohlenoxisulfid                           | COS   | B            |
| Anilin                                   | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>                 | A-(P3)     | Kohlenwasserstoffe (höhere)               | R-H   | A            |
| Antimonwasserstoff (Stibin)              | SbH <sub>3</sub>  | B2-(P3)    | Kresole                                   | -   | A            |
| Arsenik (Arsentrioxid)                   | As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>                                | P3         | Lackdämpfe - (Nebel)                      | -   | A-(P2)       |
| Arsenwasserstoff (Arsin)                 | AsH <sub>3</sub>  | B2         | Lösemitteldämpfe                          | -   | A bzw. AX    |
| Benzin                                   | -   | A          | Maleinsäureanhydrid                       | C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>                    | A-(P2)       |
| Benzol (und Homologe)                    | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub>                                 | A          | Mercaptane                                | R-SH  | B            |
| Benzylbromid (α-Bromtoluol)              | C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>5</sub> C <sub>2</sub> Br               | A-(P2)     | Metallrauch                               | -   | P2 bzw. P3   |
| Beryllium                                | Be  | P3         | Methylethylketon (MEK) Butanon            | CH <sub>3</sub> COC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                 | A            |
| Blausäure (Cyanwasserstoff)              | HCN   | B          | Methylalkohol (Methanol)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> OH  | AX           |
| Bleirauch (Metallrauche)                 | Pb  | P2         | Methylbromid (Brommethan)                 | CH <sub>3</sub> Br  | AX           |
| Brom                                     | Br <sub>2</sub>   | B-(P3)     | Methylchlorid (Chlormethan)               | CH <sub>3</sub> Cl  | -            |
| Brommethan                               | CH <sub>3</sub> Br  | AX         | Methylchloroform 1.1.1-Trichlorethan      | CH <sub>3</sub> CCl <sub>3</sub>                                | A            |
| Bromoform (Tribrommethan)                | CHBr <sub>3</sub>   | A          | Methylenchlorid (Dichlormethan)           | CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>                                 | AX           |
| Bromwasserstoff                          | HBr   | E-(P2)     | Methylisobutylketon (MIBK) 2-Hexanon      | CH <sub>3</sub> COC <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>                 | A            |
| Brüniersalz                              | -   | B-(P2)     | Methyljodid (Jodmethan)                   | CH <sub>3</sub> J   | AX           |
| Butanon (Methyl-Ethyl-Keton)             | CH <sub>3</sub> COC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>               | A          | Methyljodid (radioaktiv)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> J   | Reaktor-(P3) |
| Butylacetat                              | CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>              | A          | Natronlauge                               | NaOH  | P2           |
| Butylacrylat                             | CH <sub>2</sub> CHCOOC <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>            | A          | Nickeltetracarbonyl                       | Ni (CO) <sub>4</sub>  | CO-(P3)      |
| Butylalkohole (Butanole)                 | C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> OH                              | A-(P2)     | Nitrose Gase                              | NO, NO <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>             | NO           |
| Chlor                                    | Cl <sub>2</sub>   | B-(P3)     |   | HNO <sub>2</sub> , HNO <sub>3</sub>                             |              |
| Chlorbrommethan (Bromchlormethan)        | CH <sub>2</sub> ClBr  | AX         | Nitroverbindungen (organisch)             | R-NO <sub>2</sub>   | B            |
| Chlorcyan                                | ClCN  | B2         | Organische Dämpfe, Lösemittel             | -   | A bzw. AX    |
| Chlordioxid                              | ClO <sub>2</sub>  | B          | Organische Nitroverbindungen              | R-NO <sub>2</sub>   | B            |
| Chlormethan                              | CHCl <sub>3</sub>   | -          | Ozon                                      | O <sub>3</sub>  | NO           |
| Chloroform (Trichlormethan)              | CHCl <sub>3</sub>   | AX         | Pentachlorethan                           | CHCl <sub>2</sub> CCl <sub>3</sub>                              | A            |
| Chloropren (2-Chlor-1.3-butadien)        | CH <sub>2</sub> C(Cl)CHCH <sub>2</sub>                        | AX         | Perchloräthylen (Tetrachlorethen, Per)    | CCl <sub>2</sub> CCl <sub>2</sub>                               | A            |
| Chlorsulfonsäure                         | ClSO <sub>3</sub> H   | B-(P2)     | Phenole                                   | -   | A-(P3)       |
| Chlorwasserstoff                         | HCl   | E-(P2)     | Phenylhydrazin                            | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NHNH <sub>2</sub>                 | A            |
| Chromoxide                               | Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , CrO <sub>3</sub>             | P2         | Phosgen (Carbonylchlorid)                 | COCl <sub>2</sub>   | B            |
| Cyankaliumstaub (Kaliumcyanid)           | KCN   | B-(P2)     | Phosphortrichlorid                        | PCl <sub>3</sub>  | B-(P2)       |
| Cyanwasserstoff                          | HCN   | B          | Phosphorwasserstoff (Phosphin)            | PH <sub>3</sub>   | B2           |
| Cyclohexan                               | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub>                                | A          | Propylalkohol (Propanol)                  | CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH              | A            |
| Cyclohexanol                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> OH                             | A          | Pyridin                                   | C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>5</sub> N                                 | A            |
| Cyclohexanon                             | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O                              | A          | Quarzstaub                                | SiO <sub>2</sub>  | P2           |
| DD-Produkte (Desmodur-Desmophen)         | -   | AB-P2      | Quecksilber                               | Hg  | Hg-P3        |
| DDT-Staub, siehe Insektizide             | -   | P3         | Quecksilberverbindungen                   | -   | Hg-P3        |
| Diacetonalkohol                          | (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C(OH)                         |            | Salmiakgeist                              | NH <sub>3</sub> /H <sub>2</sub> O                               | K            |
| (Hydroxy-4-Methyl-2-Pentanon)            | CH <sub>2</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub>                             | A          | Salpetersäure                             | HNO <sub>3</sub>  | ABEK-P3      |
| 1.2-Dibromethan                          | CH <sub>2</sub> BrCH <sub>2</sub> Br                          | A          | Salzsäure                                 | HCl/H <sub>2</sub> O  | E-(P2)       |
| 1.2-Dichlorethan                         | CH <sub>2</sub> ClCH <sub>2</sub> Cl                          | A          | Säuren (rauchend, konzentriert)           | -   | E-P2         |
| 1.2-Dichlorethen                         | CHClCHCl  | AX         | Saure Gase                                | -   | E            |
| Dichlormethan                            | CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>                               | AX         | Schädlingsbekämpfungsmittel (org.)        | -   | A-(P2)       |
| 1.2-Dichlorpropan                        | C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>                 | A          | Schwefeldioxid                            | SO <sub>2</sub>   | E            |
| Dieselmotorenabgas                       | -   | A          | Schwefelkohlenstoff (Kohlenstoffdisulfid) | CS <sub>2</sub>   | B            |
| Dimethylformamid (DMF)                   | HCON (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>                          | A          | Schwefeltrioxid                           | (SO <sub>3</sub> )  | B-P2         |
| 1.4-Dioxan                               | C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                  | A          | Schwefelwasserstoff                       | H <sub>2</sub> S  | B            |
| Dischwefeldichlorid                      | S <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>                                | B-(P2)     | Schweflige Säure                          | SO <sub>2</sub> /H <sub>2</sub> O                               | E-(P2)       |
| Eisenpentacarbonyl                       | Fe(CO) <sub>5</sub>   | CO-(P3)    | Selenwasserstoff                          | H <sub>2</sub> Se   | B-(P2)       |
| Epichlorhydrin (1-Chlor-2.3-epoxypropan) | C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OCl                             | A-(P3)     | Staub (Fein-, Kolloid-)                   | -   | P2 bzw. P3   |
| Essigsäure                               | CH <sub>3</sub> COOH  | E          | Stickoxide                                | NO, NO <sub>2</sub> /N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>              | NO           |
| Ester                                    | R-COOR  | A bzw. AX  | Styrol                                    | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub>                 | A            |
| Ethanolamin (2-Aminoethanol)             | CH <sub>2</sub> OHCH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>             | A          | Sulfurylchlorid                           | SO <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>                                 | B            |
| Ether                                    | ROR   | A bzw. AX  | Terpentin                                 | -   | A            |
| Ethylacetat                              | CH <sub>3</sub> COOC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>              | A          | 1.1.2.2-Tetrachlorethan                   | CHCl <sub>2</sub> CHCl <sub>2</sub>                             | A            |
| Ethylalkohol (Ethanol)                   | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH                              | A          | Tetrachlorethylen (Tetrachlorethen, Per)  | CCl <sub>2</sub> CCl <sub>2</sub>                               | A            |
| Ethylbenzol                              | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub> | A          | Tetrachlormethan                          | CCl <sub>4</sub>  | A            |
| Ethylenchlorid (1,2-Dichlorethan)        | CH <sub>2</sub> ClCH <sub>2</sub> Cl                          | A          | Tetrahydrofuran                           | C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O                                 | A            |
| Ethylenoxid (Atox, T-Gas)                | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O                               | AX         | Toluol                                    | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> -CH <sub>3</sub>                  | A            |
| Ethylformiat                             | HCOO • C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>                          | AX         | Trichlorethan (TCA)                       | CH <sub>3</sub> CCl <sub>3</sub>                                | A            |
| Fluorwasserstoff                         | HF  | E          | Trichlorethylen (Tri) (Trichlorethen)     | C <sub>2</sub> HCl <sub>3</sub>                                 | A            |
| Formaldehyd (Formalin)                   | HCHO  | B-(P3)     | Trichlormethan (Chloroform)               | CHCl <sub>3</sub>   | AX           |
| F-Stoffe                                 | -   | B          | Vanadiumpentoxidrauch,-staub              | V <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>                                   | P2           |
| Furfurol (2-Furylmethanal)               | C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                  | A          | Vinylacetat                               | C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O <sub>2</sub>                    | A            |
| Halogene                                 | Hal <sub>2</sub>  | B          | Vinylchlorid                              | CH <sub>2</sub> CHCl  | AX           |
| Halogenkohlenwasserstoffe                | R-Hal   | A bzw. AX  | Vinylidenchlorid (1.1-Dichlorethen)       | CH <sub>2</sub> CCl <sub>2</sub>                                | AX           |
| Halogenkohlenwasserstoffe                | R-Hal   | AB-(P2)    | Vinyltoluol (Methylstyrol)                | CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> | A            |
| m. Neigung z. Halogenwasserstoffabsp.    |   |            | Xylol                                     | CH <sub>3</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>   | A            |
| Halogenwasserstoff                       | HF HCl Br, HJ   | E-(P2)     | Zinkoxid                                  | ZnO   | P2           |
| Hexachlorcyclohexan                      | C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Cl <sub>6</sub>                 | A-(P3)     |   |   |              |